Chapter

Dimensioning the Circular Problem

In this chapter, you will cover the following to World Class standards:

- The Dimensioning Style Window
- Trimming centerlines with the Trim tool
- Using the Diameter Dimension tool
- Using the Linear Dimension tool
- Using the Radius Dimension tool
- Using the Aligned Dimension tool
- Using the Angular Dimension tool
- More Linear Dimensions
- Another Aligned Dimension
- Another Radius Dimension
- Using the Properties Tool to modify a dimension variable
- Adding a note to a dimension

A Basic Discussion of the Dimensioning Style Window

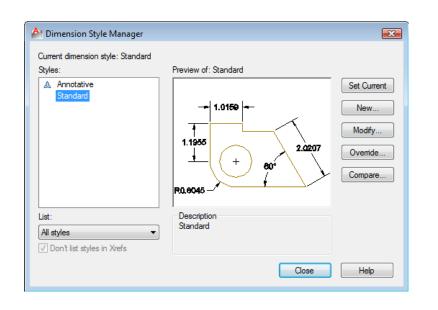
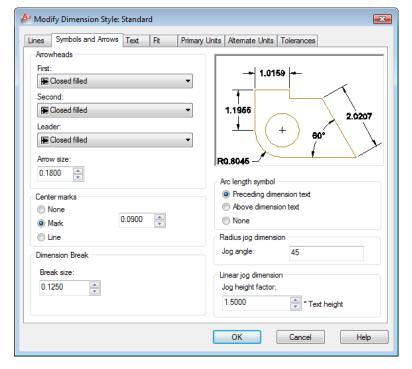


Figure 6.1 – Dimension Style Manager



AutoCAD's dimensioning tools make relating an orthographic view to a machinist or construction worker easy and accurate. You can always control precision of the dimension with the Standard style already loaded in the software. The Circular and the Rectangular problems use a measurement control system that will enable you to build the templates for many of the drawings to come.

Select the small arrow in bottom right-hand the corner of the Dimensions panel under the Annotate tab to open the Dimension Style Manager (Figure 6.1). То modify the Standard dimension style, select the Modify button and the Modify Dimension Style window will appear. The Symbols and Arrows tab shown in Figure 6.2 allows you to alter every part of Arrowheads Center Marks, Arc Length Symbols, Radius and Dimension Jogs.

Figure 6.2 – Modify Dimension Style, Lines and Arrows tab

For example, in an architectural drawing, you will change the Arrowheads from being Closed Filled to Architectural Tick, but most of the time this tab will be left alone. For this problem you can leave the Line tab alone as well.

Modify Dimension		×
Lines Symbols and	Arrows Text Fit F	Primary Units Alternate Units Tolerances
Text appearance		
Text style:	Standard	▼ → 1.0159 →
Text color:	ByBlock	
Fill color:	None None	1.1955
Text height:	0.1800	
Fraction height scale	1.0000	R0.8045
Draw frame aroun	d text	Text alignment
Text placement		 Horizontal
Vertical:	Centered	•
Horizontal:	Centered	 Aligned with dimension line
View Direction:	Left-to-Right	SO standard
Offset from dim line:	0.0900	
[
		OK Cancel Help
		UK Cancel Help

Figure 6.3 – Modify Dimension Style, Text tab

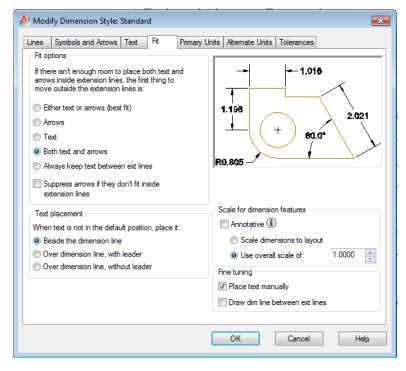


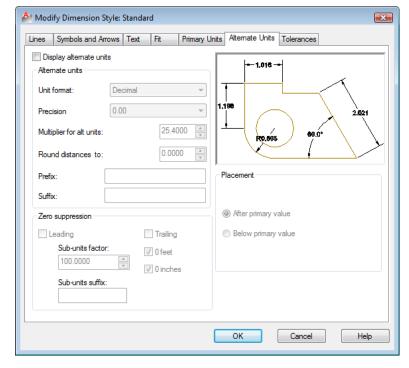
Figure 6.4 – Modify Dimension Style, Fit tab

Proceeding to the Text tab, you can choose the Text Appearance, Text Placement Text and Alignment. Many of the establishments where you will work will change the Text Height to 0.937 or 0.125. The 1/8 (0.125) text height is plenty large enough to read on the print and allows the dimension to remain close to the feature that is being described. 3/32 is the smallest text can be printed that is still able to be the interpreted. On Circular drawing, leave all settings on this tab alone.

The Fit tab allows you to dimension adjust the variables to compensate for space issues. You will make a couple of changes on this tab. First select the radial button for "Both Text and Arrows". Choosing this option button will cause diameters to be flanked by regular dimension lines instead of using a leader. Also, select the "Place text manually" check box.

Modify Dimension S	-	
Lines Symbols and Arr	rows Text Fit Primary	Units Alternate Units Tolerances
Linear dimensions		
Unit format:	Decimal 🔹	
Precision	0.000 🔻	
Fraction format:	Horizontal	1.190 2.021
Decimal separator:	'.' (Period) ▼	
Round off:	0.0000	R0.505 60.0°
Prefix:		
Suffix:		Angular dimensions
Measurement scale		Units format: Decimal Degrees -
Scale factor:	1.0000	Decinial Degrees
Apply to layout dim		Precision: 0.0 -
Zero suppression		Zero suppression
Leading	Trailing	
Sub-units facto	r: 🗸 0 feet	Trailing
100.0000	♥ 0 inches	
Sub-unit suffix:	IV Uncries	
		OK Cancel Help

Figure 6.5 – Modify Dimension Style, Primary Units tab



In the Primary Units tab, the Unit format will remain as "Decimal," but change the Precision setting to "0.000" as shown in Figure 6.5. Also, set the Angular Precision to "0.0". You may use other Linear Dimension options periodically, such as Round Off, but the 1.0000 Scale Factor in the Measurement Scale should stay always at 1. Confusing this setting with other scale factors like line or text scale will change the value of all the dimensions in the AutoCAD drawing.

The Alternate Units tab would be used if you wanted to list the metric value of the English unit below or along side the dimension text. For example, if you checked "Display alternate units," a dimension showing one inch will have the alternate dimension (25.40)in parenthesis below the 1.000 text. You do not need to check the "Display alternate units" checkbox for the Circular problem.

Figure 6.6 – Modify Dimension Style, Alternate Units tab

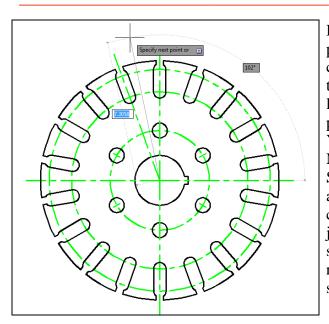
ines	Symbols and Arrov	vs Text	Fit	Primary Units	Alternate Units	Tolerances
Tolera	ance format					
Method: Non		lone 🔹		•	1.018	
Preci	sion	0.000				
Uppe	er value:		0.0000			2.021
Lowe	er value:		0.0000	A V	R0.805	en.ă*
Scali	ng for height:		1.0000	A		
Vertic	cal position:	Middle		•		
Tol	erance alignment				ltemate unit tolera	nce
Align decimal separators		F	recision:	0.00 -		
0	Align operational sy	mbols			Zero suppression	·
Zer	o suppression					
	Leading	√ 0 fee	t		Leading	✓ 0 feet
	Trailing	🕖 0 inc	hes		Trailing	☑ 0 inches

The Tolerance tab is an option mostly used by the Mechanical Designer or Engineer to discuss the range of allowable error in a part when manufacturing accepting or the components at the production site. You will address tolerances in the notes that will be typed in every drawing you do. As become parts more complex, you may use this feature to correctly show detailed dimensions (Figure 6.7).

Line

Figure 6.7 – Modify Dimension Style, Tolerances tab

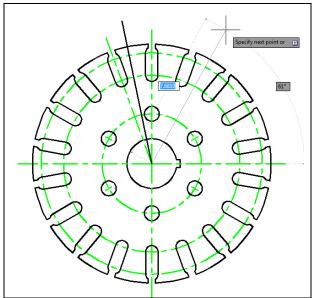
To save the change that you made in the Modify Dimension Style window, select the OK button and then the Close button on the Dimension Style Manager window (Figure 6.1).



Trimming Centerlines with the Trim Tool

Before dimensioning the Circular problem, you will cut away part of some centerlines that may cause confusion for the reader. Start by drawing two regular lines from the center of Circular problem past the outer edges of the part. You will have to hit F8 to turn the Ortho Mode off before drawing these lines. Select the Line tool on the Draw panel, and using the Center Osnap select the center of the part. End your cutting line just to the upper left position of the top slot as shown in Figure 6.8. Repeat the routine, drawing the second line two slots over as shown in Figure 6.9.

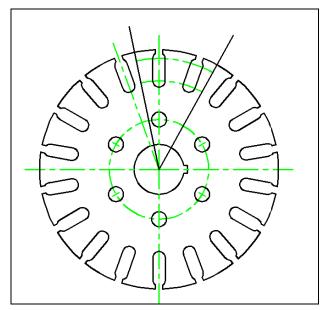
Figure 6.8 – Adding a cutting line



Next, select the Trim tool on the Modify panel. At the cutting edge prompt, pick the two lines you have just drawn and hit ENTER to proceed with the command. Now select the two outermost circular centerlines on the outside of the two cutting lines so that only the interior arc centerlines remain as shown in Figure 6.10. Notice the rest of the outside of the orthographic view is rather clean in appearance. This trimming technique aids drawing clarity when placing dimensions.

-/-- Trim

Figure 6.9 – Adding a second cutting line



Next select the Erase tool from the Modify panel and pick the two cutting lines drawn at the beginning of the trimming exercise. You will notice that you have rarely used the Erase tool in any of the exercises in this textbook. Erasing lines is a task that still comes from a user making an error and having to correct for this oversight. Erasing may be done as often or as seldom as the drafter wishes, often based upon the efficiency of the drawer. If you are making lots of errors, remember this World Class CAD saying: "You have to go slower to go faster." Accuracy counts.

Figure 6.10 – Trimming the centerlines

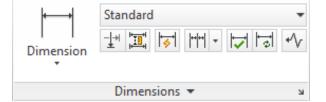


Figure 6.11 – The Dimensions Panel

Using the Diameter Dimension Tool

Dimensioning is the easiest task to be performed in CAD and the diameter dimensions is one of the easiest dimensions to place. Before you begin, make sure to change the active layer to Dimension by selecting it from the Layer Control list box in the Later panel under the Home tab. Next, select the Diameter dimension tool from the drop-down menu on the Dimensions tab. Select the 12.0 inch diameter circle and the dimension lines, arrows and text will instantly appear. Grab the dimension text and place the 12.000 toward the right side of the drawing as shown in the Figure 6.12. You do not have to position the text exactly as it appears in the example drawing, but for right now try to be close so you do not run into any dimension layout conflicts.

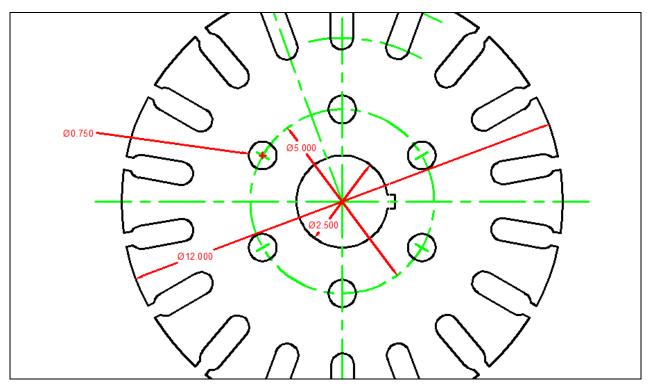
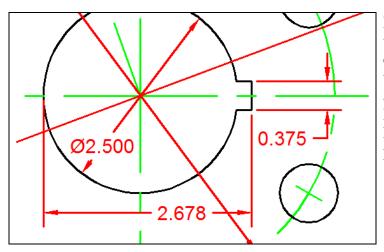


Figure 6.12 – Dimensioning using the Diameter Dimension Tool

Hit ENTER to repeat the Diameter dimension tool and pick the 5.000 inch bolt circle centerline and place the text to the upper left area as shown. Repeat the process again by choosing the innermost circle and place the 2.500 text as displayed above. Place the final diameter for the 0.75 inch hole. Pick the upper left 0.75 hole and drag the 0.75 text outside of the perimeter of the part. Again you will see that your efficiency will increase in the use of any CAD program the more times you repeat a procedure. By placing all the diameters on the drawing, you are less likely to forget to place a dimension on the drawing. Such a mistake will cause a machinist or construction worker to have to wait for your missing data before beginning to produce the final product.

Using the Linear Dimension Tool

Most circular parts are designed with a keyway. A key can then be installed between the shaft and the hub to prevent slippage. A keyway is referenced from the opposite quadrant of the circle; to place the horizontal dimension, select the Linear Dimension tool on the Dimension panel and pick the west quadrant of the circle and the bottom endpoint of the keyway. You may need to toggle on certain Osnap modes (quadrant, endpoint, intersection etc.) to accurately place these linear dimensions.



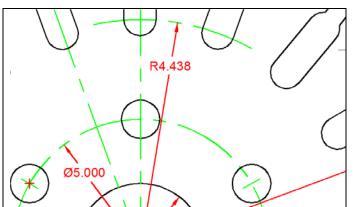
Never allow a dimension arrow or text to be obstructed by a center, hidden, dimension or object line. Take your time to move dimensions away from any entity that will cause confusion. Now dimension the width of the keyway as shown in Figure 6.13 and pull the 0.375 text label into place.

→ Linear

Radius

Figure 6.13 – Using the Linear Dimension Tool

Using the Radius Dimension Tool



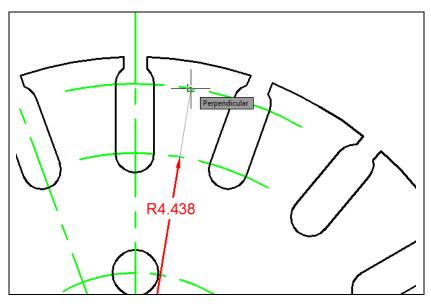
To dimension the inner bolt circle of the slot, place a radius measurement on the inner arc as shown in Figure 6.14. Select the Radius Dimension tool on the Dimension panel. The mouse pointer will change from an arrow to a pick box to allow you to choose an arc or circle for which to place a radius.

Figure 6.14 – Using the Radius Dimension Tool

Select anywhere on the green inner arc. You can move the radius dimension line back and forth moving the dimension arrow to the desired location between two slots. By placing the radius dimension as shown above, the Aligned Dimension can be added to measure the distance to the second arc.

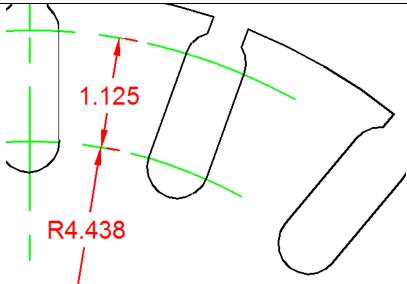
Using the Aligned Dimension Tool

The Aligned Dimension tool allows you to easily place a dimension in alignment with Aligned two selected reference points. You are going to use the Aligned Dimension tool to place a dimension on the drawing defining the distance from the end of the 4.437 radius to the other centerline arc. Make sure that you have the Perpendicular Osnap toggled on if it is not already.



Pick the Aligned Dimension tool on the Dimension panel and select the endpoint of the R4.437. For your second point selection, place the aperture over the second arc and wait to see the Perpendicular Osnap symbol as shown in Figure 6.15. Pick the second arc and a 1.125 dimension will appear that is aligned with the 4.437 dimension Radius (Figure 6.16).

Figure 6.15 – Using the Aligned Dimension Tool

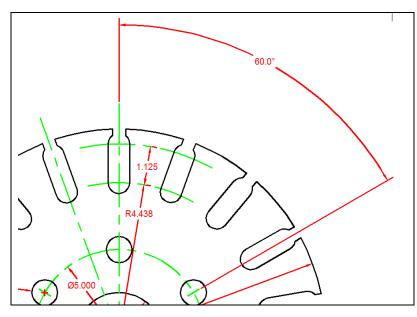


Many Engineers and Designers will want to place a second dimension radius on the second arc, but the reference and the tolerance for the feature will be from the wrong location. Slots like these will intermix with other parts. The dimension controlling these surfaces is based off the 1.125 dimension, so use an Aligned Dimension to explain the part.

Figure 6.16 – Using the Aligned Dimension Tool

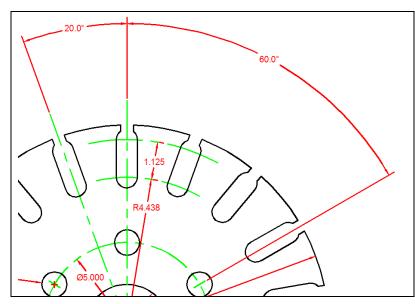
Using the Angular Dimension Tool

There are two angular dimensions you need to place in the Circular drawing. Δ Angular Remember how easy the command is to use? Select the Angular Dimension tool on the Dimension panel and select two converging lines (non-parallel) to place an angular measurement on the drawing.



For the first dimension, select the green center mark on the upper right 0.75 hole. For the second pick, select the vertical centerline at the top of the drawing. You will need to make a third selection to place the 60.0-degree dimension text on the drawing (Figure 6.17).

Figure 6.17 – Using the Angular Dimension Tool



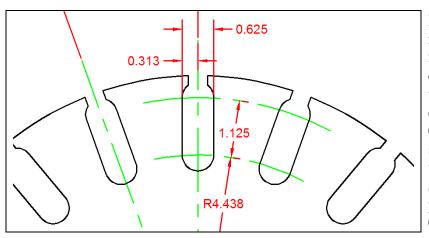
The last Angular dimension on the drawing is the 20.0 degree measurement between each of the 18 slots. After selecting the Angular Dimension tool, pick the top of the vertical centerline again and then the peak of the centerline over the slot to the left as shown in Figure 6.18.

Figure 6.18 – Using the Angular Dimension Tool

When placing a dimension on the outside perimeter of a part or a building detail, remember, that you may want to place more dimensions below that measurement. In the case of the Circular problem, the Angular dimensions are approximately 1.5 inches away from the outer surface of the 12.0 diameter. That leaves room for detailing the slot opening and width.

More Linear Dimensions

The last series of dimensions are located at the top quadrant of the Circular problem. Select the Linear Dimension tool on the Dimension panel to place two of these remaining measurements. For the 0.313 dimension, pick the vertical centerline and the outside edge of the slot. Repeat the command for the 0.626 dimension, picking both outside lines on the slot as shown in Figure 6.19.

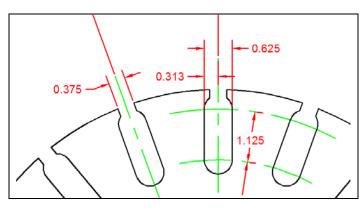


In many cases you may need to reference a detail like the slot from the centerline and then define the edge of the slot to the opposite side with another dimension. If you use the 0.313 dimension to define both sides, the tolerance will double when calculating 0.313 twice. So in the case in Figure 6.19, place a linear dimension for 0.625 as shown.

Aligned

Figure 6.19 – Using the Linear Dimension Tool

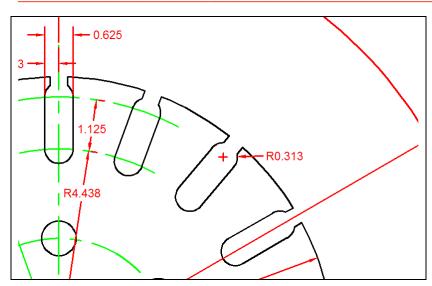
Another Aligned Dimension



Choose the Aligned Dimension tool on the Dimension panel and select the endpoints of the opening of the slot as shown in Figure 6.20. By picking the line on the right followed by the line on the left, the dimension text will appear on the side picked second.

Figure 6.20 – Using the Aligned Dimension Tool

Another Radius Dimension



Radius The last dimension on the Circular problem is the 0.313 radius on the slot. Select the Radius Dimension tool located Dimension on the The mouse panel. pointer will change from an arrow to a pick box to allow you to choose an arc or circle in which to place a radius.

Figure 6.21 – Using the Radius Dimension Tool

Pick the arc on the slot with R0.313 dimension, as shown in Figure 6.21, and for the next selection pick the location of the dimension text.

* World Class CAD Challenge 02-14 * - Create a New file, create the three new layers, set the Object Snap settings and draw the seven circles, move and copy the two circles, and add lines for the keyway and slotted holes, and do the four arrays, and add the 14 dimensions in 9 minutes. Continue this drill four times, each time completing the drawing in less than 9 minutes to maintain your World Class ranking.

Using the Properties Tool to Modify a Dimension Variable

When you need to make special changes from your Standard Dimension Style, you can modify an object through its Properties window. Many times you will leave the center mark option on the Lines and Arrows tab (Figure 6.2). To bring up the Properties window, select any object and right-click. Select Properties from the menu and the Properties window will appear.

With the Properties window visible, pick the R0.313 dimension as shown in Figure 6.22. Expand the Lines and Arrow category and find the Center Mark field. In the list box, change the setting from Mark to None to remove the center mark in the associative dimension.

For the second modification, open the Properties window for the 1.125 aligned-dimension as shown in Figure 6.23. To remove the two small dimension extension lines that are at the points of the dimension arrows, change Ext 1 from On to Off. Repeat the same process for the Ext 2 to change the text to OFF. Click on the Close button (X).

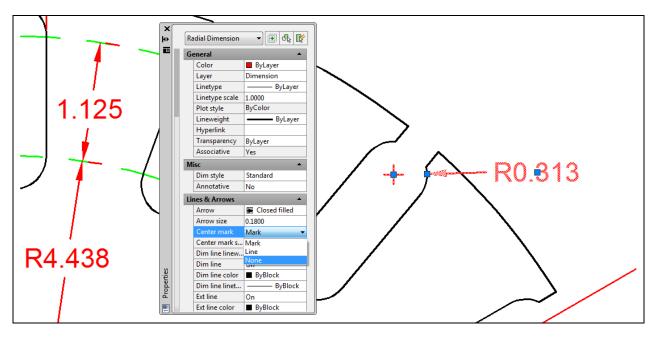


Figure 6.22 – Modifying Dimensions Using the Properties Tool

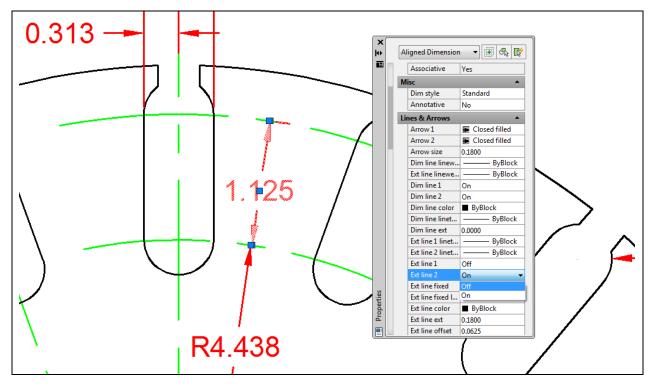


Figure 6.23 – Modifying Dimensions Using the Properties Tool

Adding a Note to a Dimension

Double-click the .750 radius dimension label and the Text Editor tab will appear along with a text box around the .750. With your mouse, place the text insertion bar after the dimension and hit ENTER to go to the second line. Type the text 6 HOLES and then close the Text Editor by clicking the Close panel under the Text Editor tab. The small note will be seen below the 0.75 text (Figure 6.24).

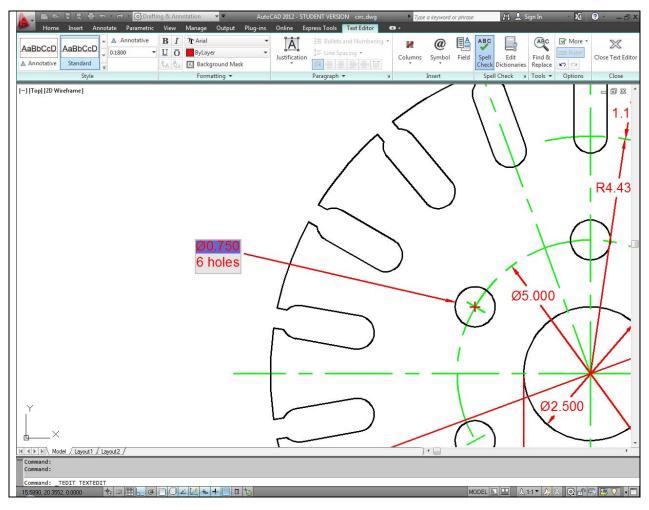


Figure 6.24 – Modifying Text using the Multiline Text Editor

The Circular problem is finished and you should be satisfied that all the critical information is available for viewing. In Figure 6.25, you can see the entire drawing without manufacturing notes. As in the Rectangular problem, the notes become significant in providing the material, machining information, coating requirements and tolerances. In Chapter 7 you will be shown the steps to completing your set of notes.

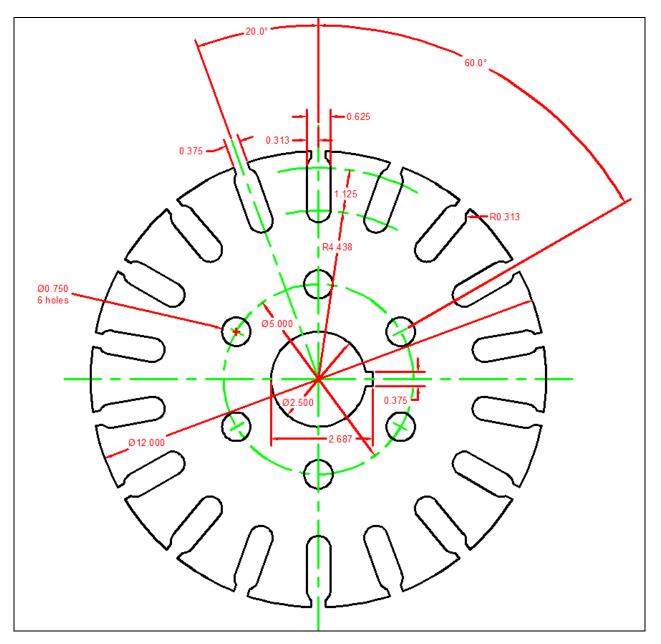


Figure 6.25 – Finished Dimensioned Circular Problem

* World Class CAD Challenge 02-15 * - Create a New file, create the three new layers, set the Object Snap settings and draw the seven circles, move and copy the two circles, and add lines for the keyway and slotted holes, and do the four arrays, add the 14 dimensions and modify the 3 properties of the dimensions in 10 minutes. Continue this drill four times, each time completing the drawing in less than 10 minutes to maintain your World Class ranking.